

NCAT Test Track Update

February 27, 2025

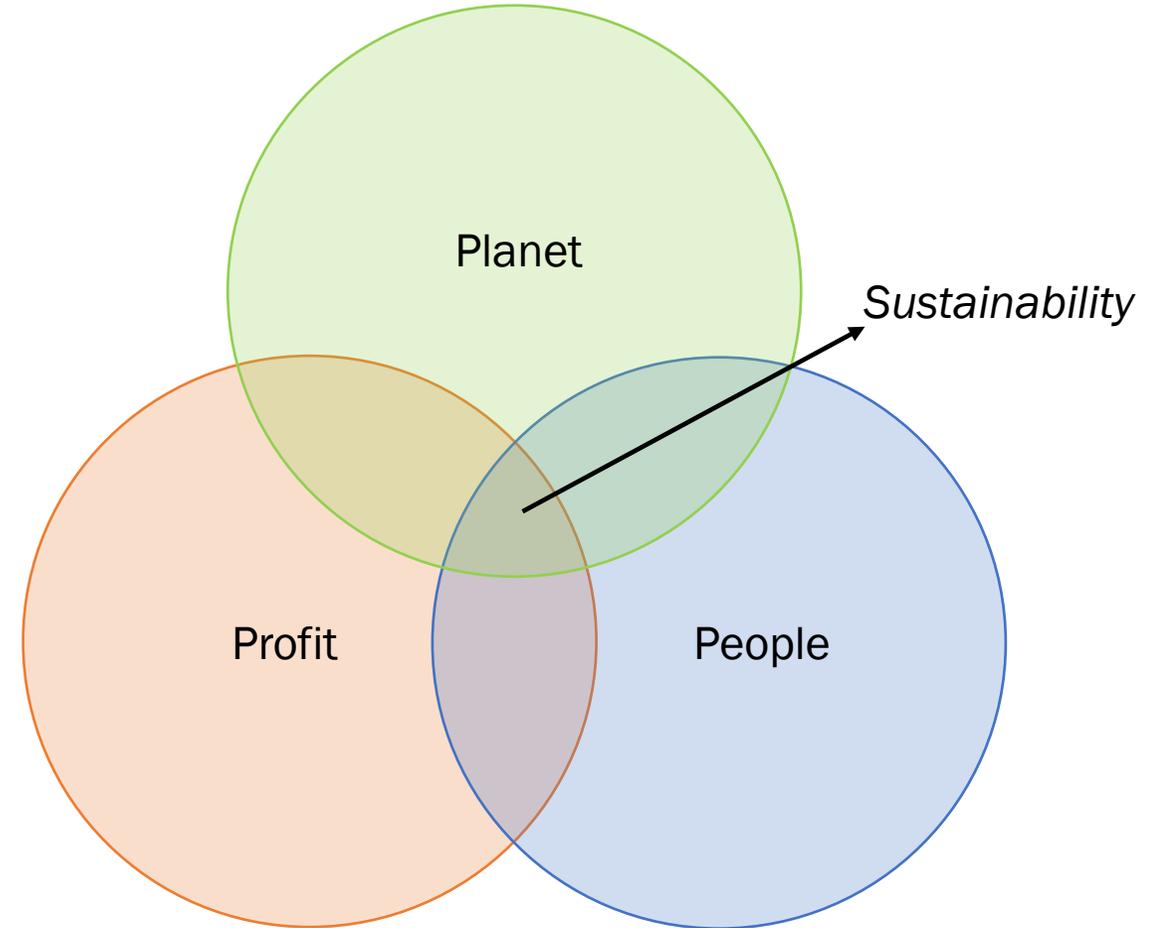
Nathan Moore, P.E.

National Center for Asphalt Technology (NCAT)



Focus on sustainability... What is sustainability?

- Remember the “triple bottom line”
 - **Profit** – are we maintaining / growing the economy?
 - **People** – are we caring for all people?
 - **Planet** – are we taking care of our environment?
- *Each part of the triple bottom line relies on **performance**.*



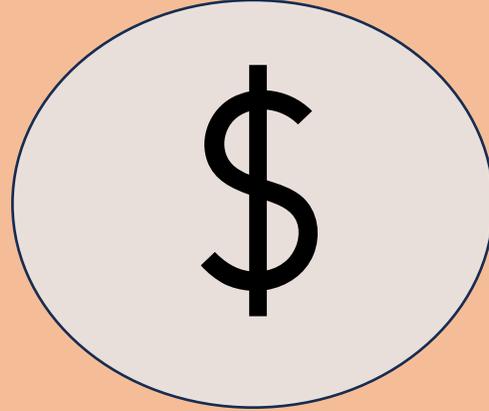
Triple Bottom Line - Sustainability



Safety

Health

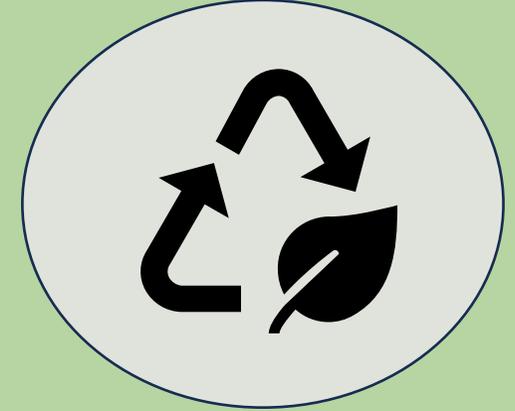
Mobility



Taxpayers

Economy

Life-Cycle Cost



Stewardship

Local Materials

Recycling

Sustainability on the 2021-2024 Test Track



High RAP
Cold-Central Plant Recycling
Recycling Agents
Additives
Warm Mix
Local Materials
Safety

Balanced Mix Design with Recycling Agent

TEST SECTION
NUMBER N-3
CARGILL



Both designed as BMD mixtures

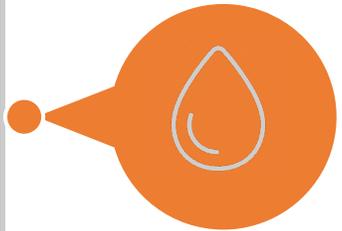
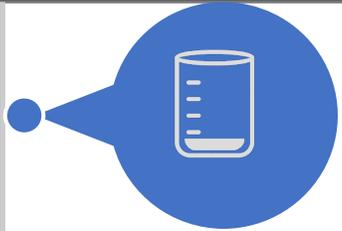
- APA: rut $\leq 8.0\text{mm}$
- IDEAL-CT: $CT_{\text{index}} \geq 70$
- Cantabro: mass loss $\leq 7.5\%$

N3B (45%RAP+RA): 45% RAP,
PG 64-22 and recycling agent

N3A (30%RAP): 30% RAP,
PG 64-22, compaction aid

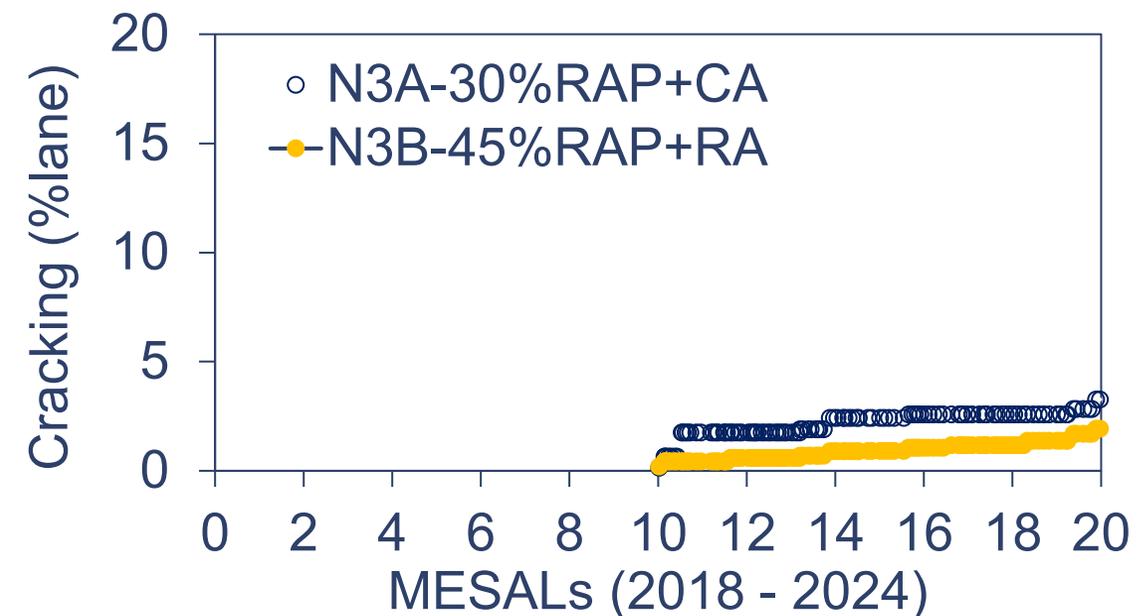
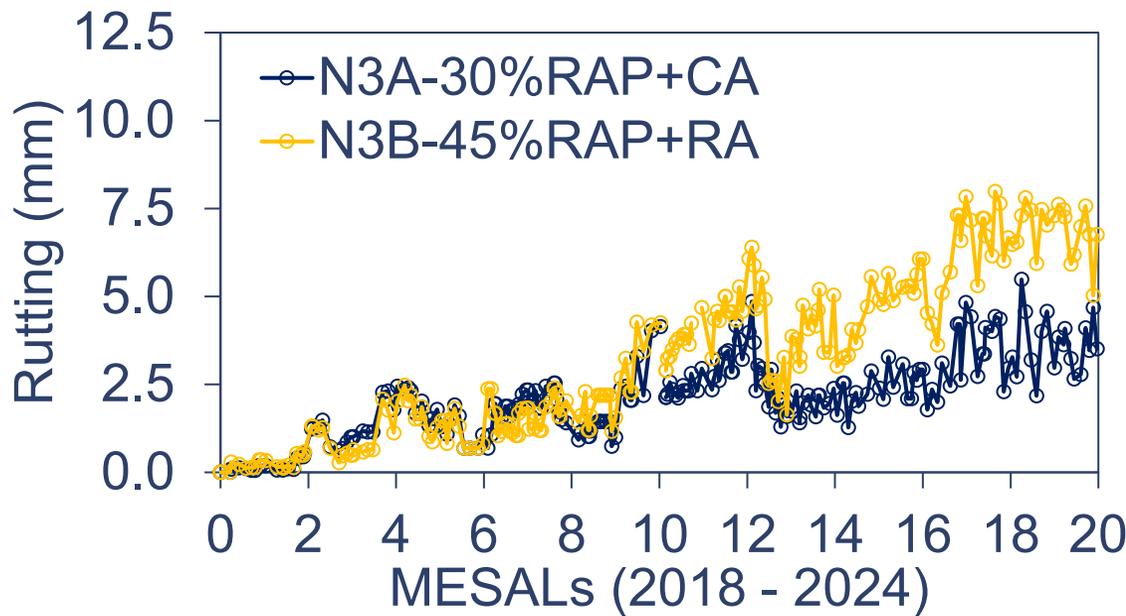
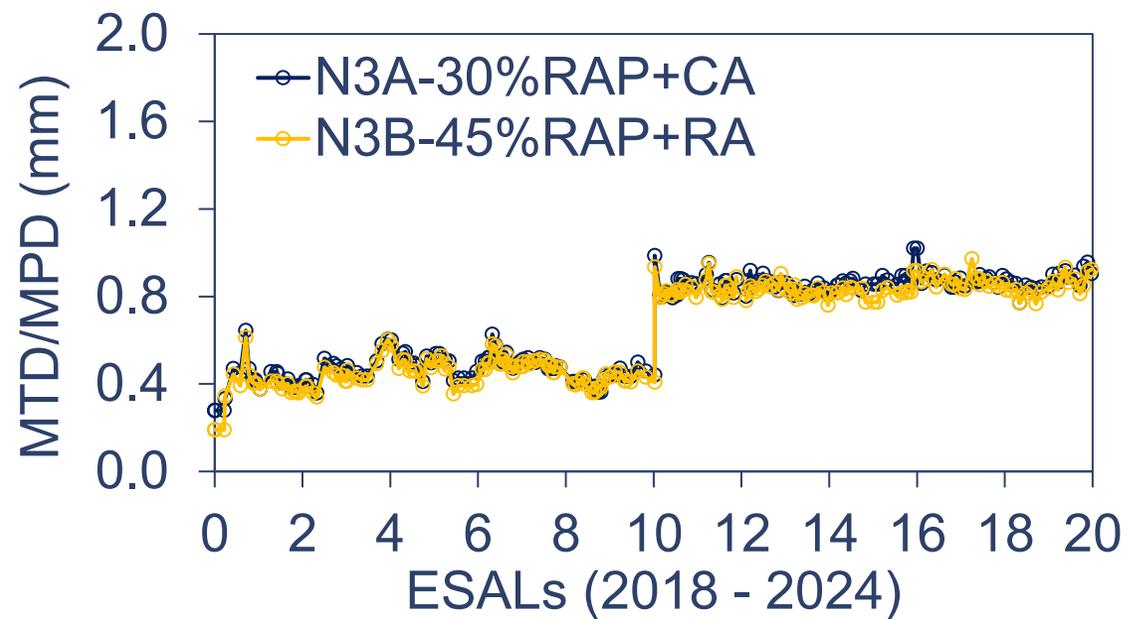
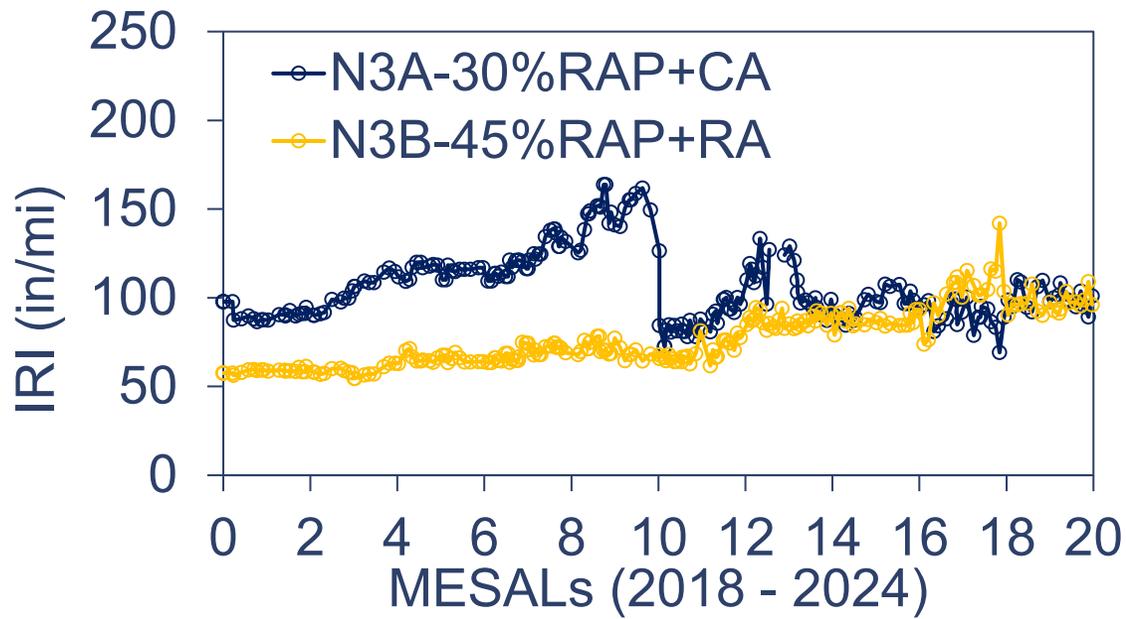


Summary of Mixes



Design Method:	BMD		
Ndes:	50 gyrations		
Binder PG:	64-22		
Mix Properties	30% RAP	45% RAP, Anova	Criteria
% Total AC (Pb):	5.5	5.8	
% Virgin Binder:	4.17	3.59	
% AC from RAP:	1.33	2.21	
APA Rut (mm)	3.2	3.4	Max. 8.0
CTIndex	75	76	Min. 70
Design Air Voids (Va):	2.9	2.4	3.0 – 4.5

Mixes are volumetrically and BMD-ly similar



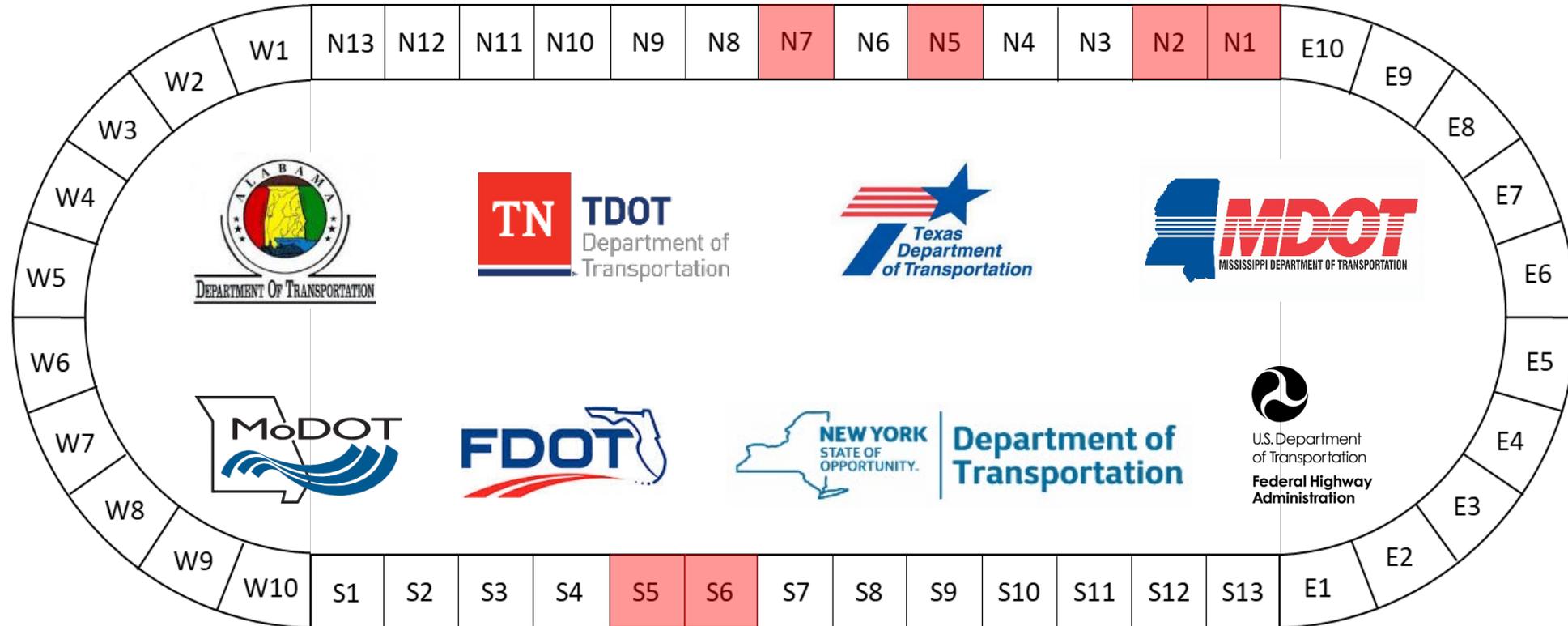
Traffic Continuation – 2024 – 2027



The Additive Group Experiment



2021 Additive Group Sponsors

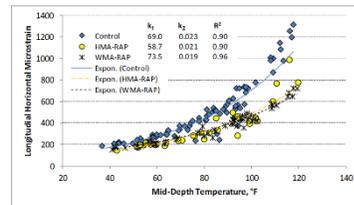


Additive Group Experimental Scope

Performance Data



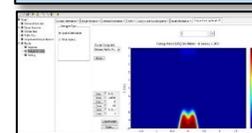
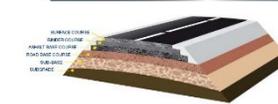
Structural Response



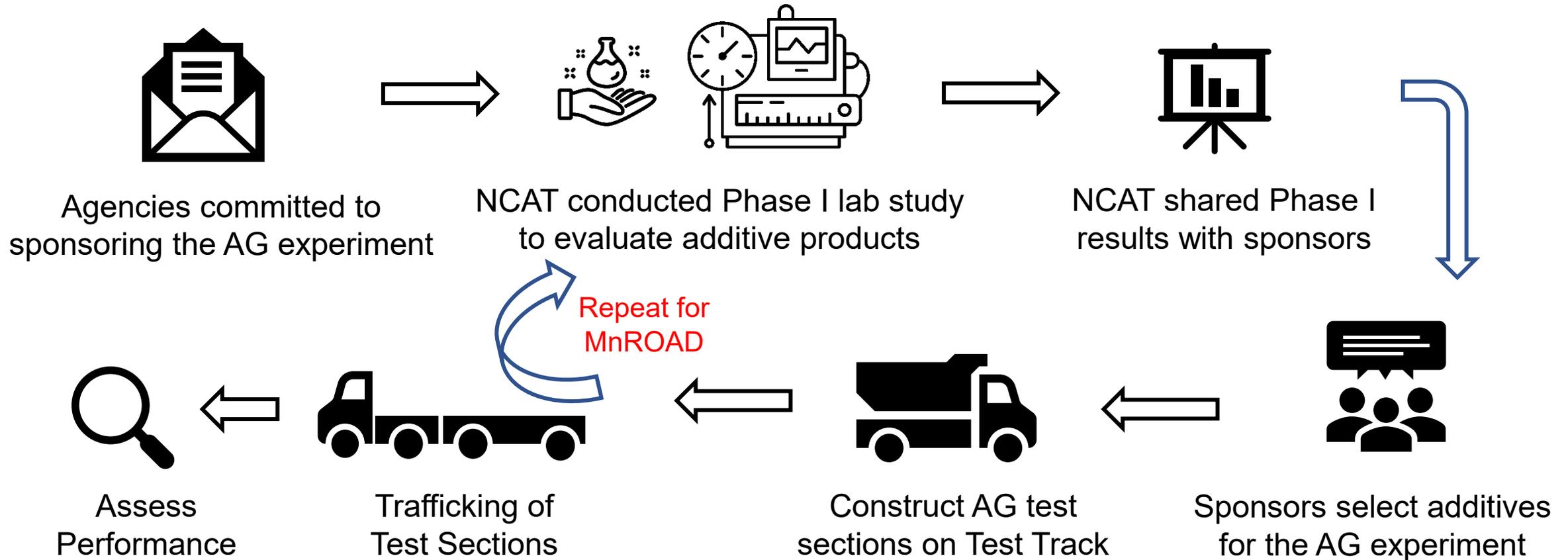
Materials Characterization



Pavement Analysis



Overall Additive Group Plan



Selected Phase 2 Additives

Recycled Tire Rubber



wet process



dry process

Recycled Plastics



wet process

Generic LLDPE rich

dry process

Fibers

SURFACE TECH™



Superior Asphalt Performance

Summary (plastic)

Comparison vs. SBS Control		Wet Plastic	Dry Plastic
Mix characterization	Stiffness	=	↑
	Rutting resistance	=	↑
	Cracking resistance	↓	↓↓
Field Performance (10 MESALs)	Rutting	=	=
	Cracking	=	↓*

** pending further monitoring*

Summary (rubber)

Comparison vs. SBS Control		Wet Rubber	Dry Rubber
Mix characterization (Plant Mix)	Stiffness (E*)	≤	≤
	Fatigue Resistance (CF)	↑	↑
	Fatigue Resistance (BBF)	↑	=
	Cracking resistance (IDEAL-CT)	↓	↓
	Rutting resistance (HWTT)	=	=
Field Performance (10M ESALs)	Rutting	=	=
	Cracking	↓	↓

Summary (fiber)

Comparison vs. SBS Control		Dry Fiber
Mix characterization	Stiffness	=
	Cracking resistance	↓
	Rutting resistance	↑
Field Performance	Rutting	=
	Cracking	=

Final Summary



Continuing traffic on AG sections



Monitoring performance and understanding effects of differences in base stiffness and mat density



Differences in laboratory results will hopefully yield differences in performance



Development of framework underway

Local Materials in Thinlays (ALDOT)

- Limited funds to preserve road
- Agencies need alternative preservation treatments to provide:
 - Improve surface characteristics
 - Protect underlying pavement structure
 - Extend the life of the pavement



Objective

Evaluate the long-term performance of an SMA (N10) thinlay and a DGA “ultra” thinlay (N11) to provide ALDOT with thinner overlay alternatives for pavement preservation on high-volume roads

Local Materials in Thinlays (ALDOT)

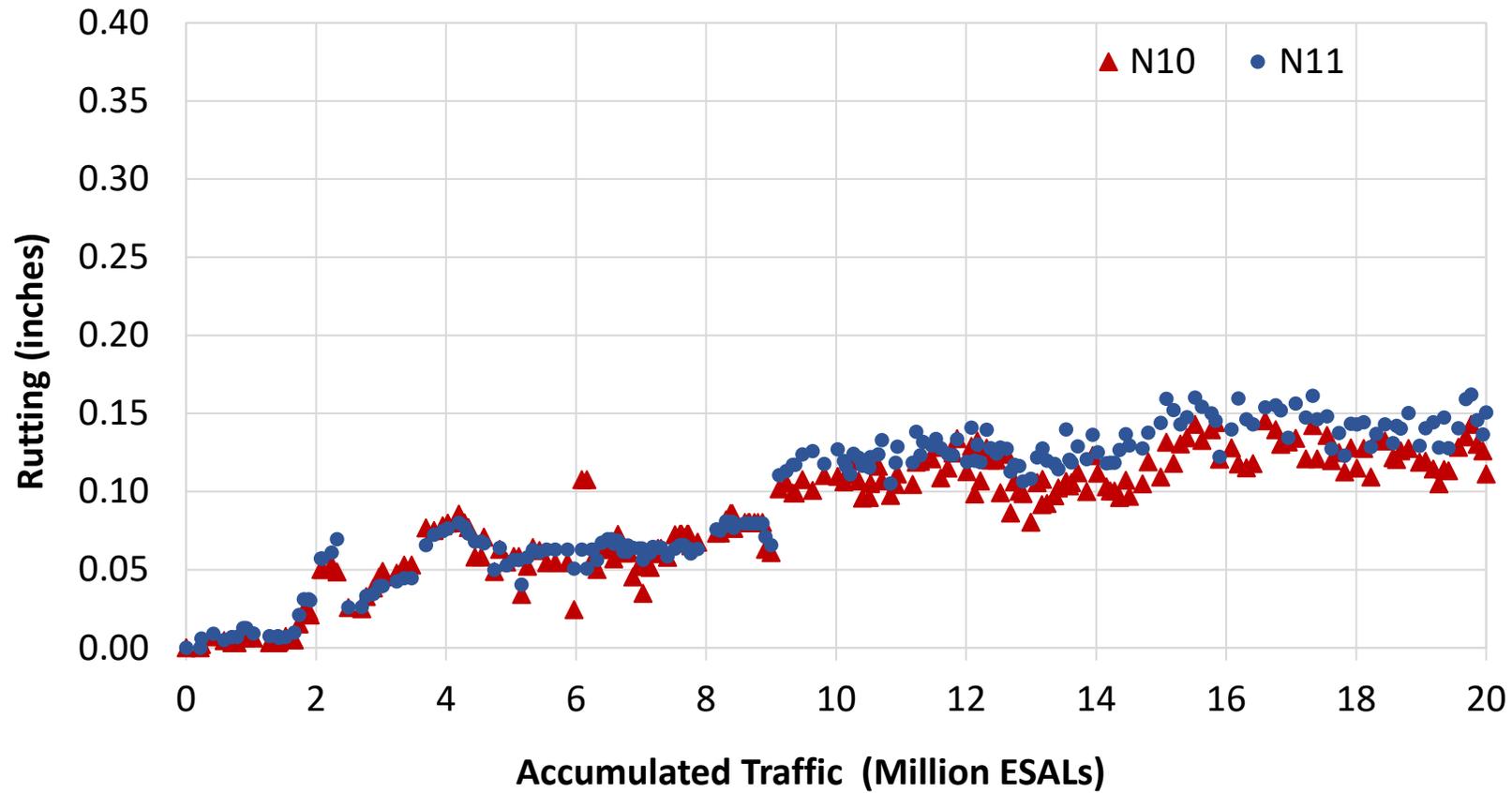
Section	Mix Description	As built-thickness
N10(SMA)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SMA-4.75mm NMAS 50 blow Marshall Design 6.0%AC₇₆₋₂₂ 62% LMS, 13% GRN, 5% Fly ash, 20% F-RAP 	0.8 in
N11 (DGA)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4.75mm NMAS 60 gyration Superpave design 6.1% AC₆₇₋₂₂ 58% LMS, 22% Sand, 20% F-RAP 	0.5 in

ALDOT limits the % of carbonate aggregate on surface mixes

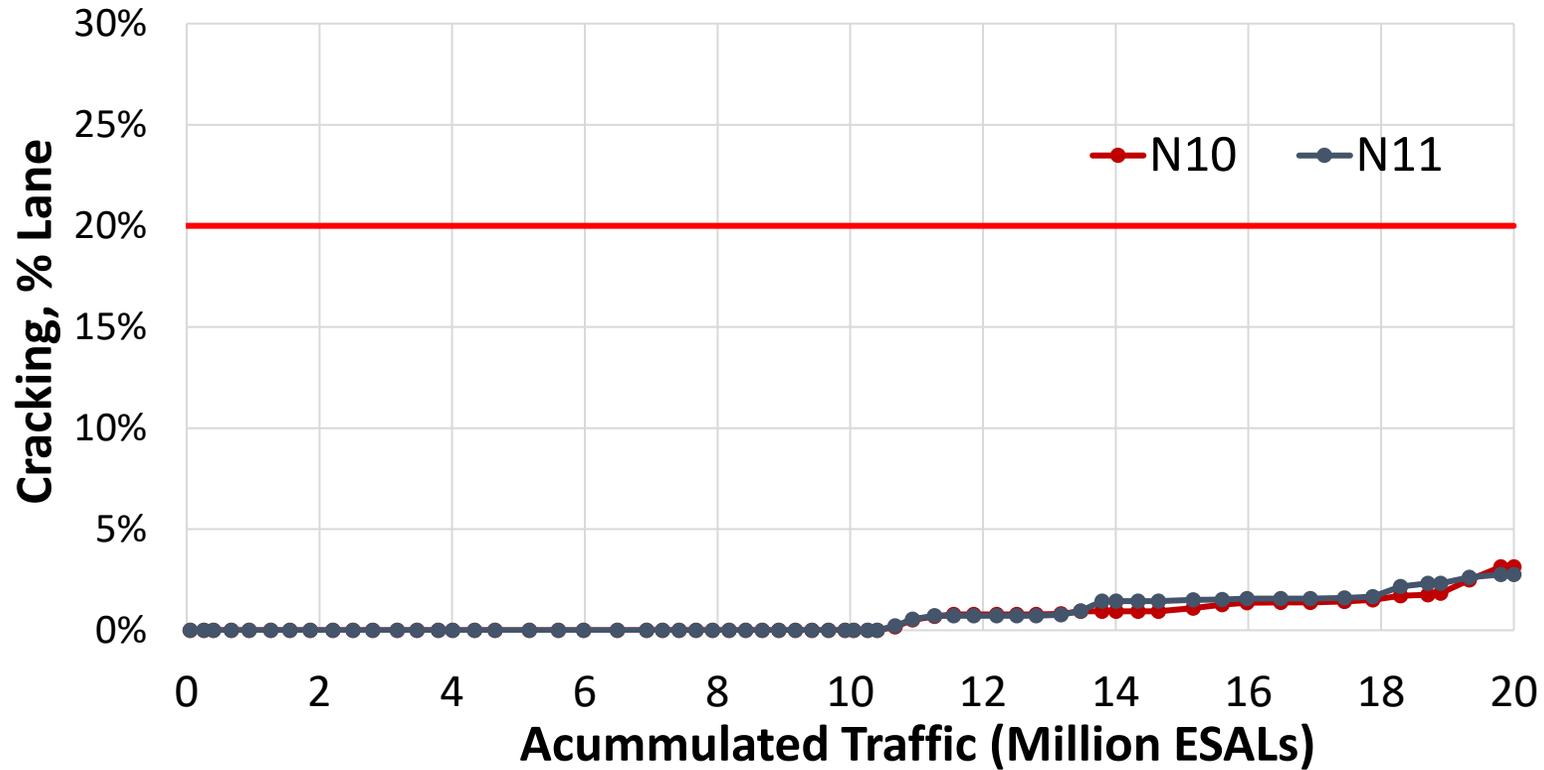
Waiver was granted by ALDOT to be able to use higher % of limestone to rely on locally available materials



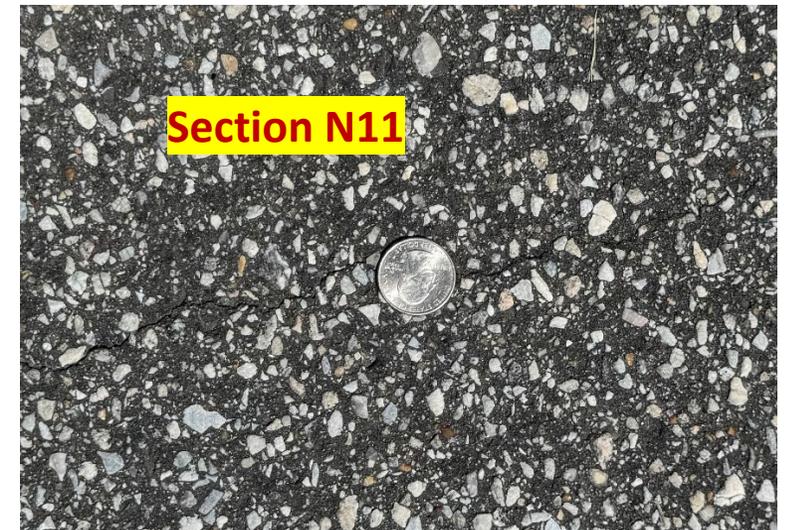
Field Rutting



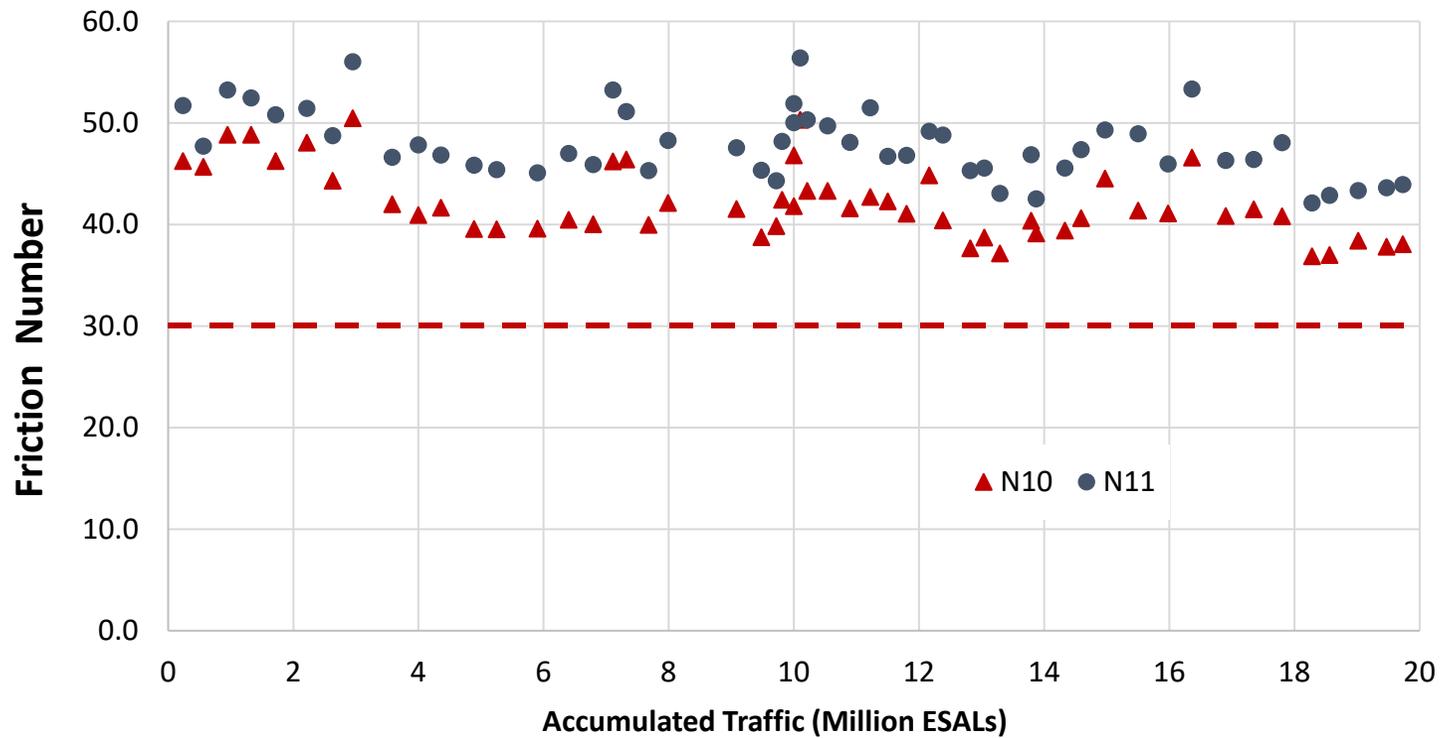
Field Cracking



Cracking ~ 3% of lane area



Surface Friction



Track Watch
Threshold

Summary of Thinlay Preservation Sections

- Both sections performed very well after 20 million ESALs with minimal rutting and cracking
- Demonstrates the ability to use “just enough” friction aggregate with limestone to keep roads safe
- The good performance gives ALDOT two thinlay options for high-traffic volume roads

The logo for ALDOT (Alabama Department of Transportation) features the letters 'ALDOT' in a bold, sans-serif font. The 'A' and 'L' are green, while the 'D', 'O', and 'T' are black.

**Phase VIII (2021-2024) NCAT Test Track Findings:
Implementation Synopses**

Randy West, Raymond (Buzz) Powell, David Timm, Nam Tran, Fan Yin, Nathan Moore,
Thomas Harman, Benjamin Bowers, Adriana Vargas, Carolina Rodezno, Raquel Moraes Puchalski,
Chen Chen, Surendra Chowdari (Suri) Gatiganti, Jason Nelson, Grant Julian, Jason Moore, Adam Taylor, Pamela
Turner, Matthew Kmetz, Elizabeth Turochy



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NCAT TEST TRACK

2000-2024

RESEARCH
FINDINGS

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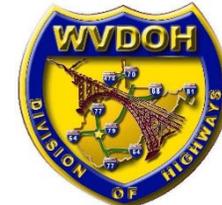


2024-2027 NCAT Test Track Overview

- \$16M+ in funding for on-Track research
- 13 states + 6 private industry sponsors on Track
- 39 sponsored sections
 - 20 traffic continuations
 - 12 mill/inlay sections
 - 6 structural sections
 - 1 off-ramp section
- Common themes:
 - Innovation, sustainability, safety, BMD and performance



2024-2027 NCAT Test Track Sponsors



2024 Track Build by the Numbers

- 58 unique aggregate/RAP stockpiles
- >300 truck loads of aggregate/RAP hauled in
- 6 different asphalt binders + 3 tack products + 1 VRAM
- 10+ different additives/recycling agents.
- 4 asphalt plants (2 HMA + 1 Wirtgen KMA + 1 PRI Pugmill)
- 30 unique mixes + 31 trial runs (practice runs)
- 3 CCPR + 23 HMA + 4 WMA mixes

2024 Track Build by the Numbers

- 36 working days (7 weeks + 1 day)
- 2 hurricane delays (Helene & Milton)
 - Delayed by only 3 days
- 850+ buckets of mix sampled
- 7 new NCAT personnel in critical roles during build process
- 72+ visitors during Track construction

50% RAP + Soybean-based RA (S1)



Dry Rubber Additives



New Structural Sections

Soybean-Modified CCPR



GTR-Modified SMA



New Additives in AG+ Sections



Re-Recycle CCPR



Enzyme-Based Soil Stabilization



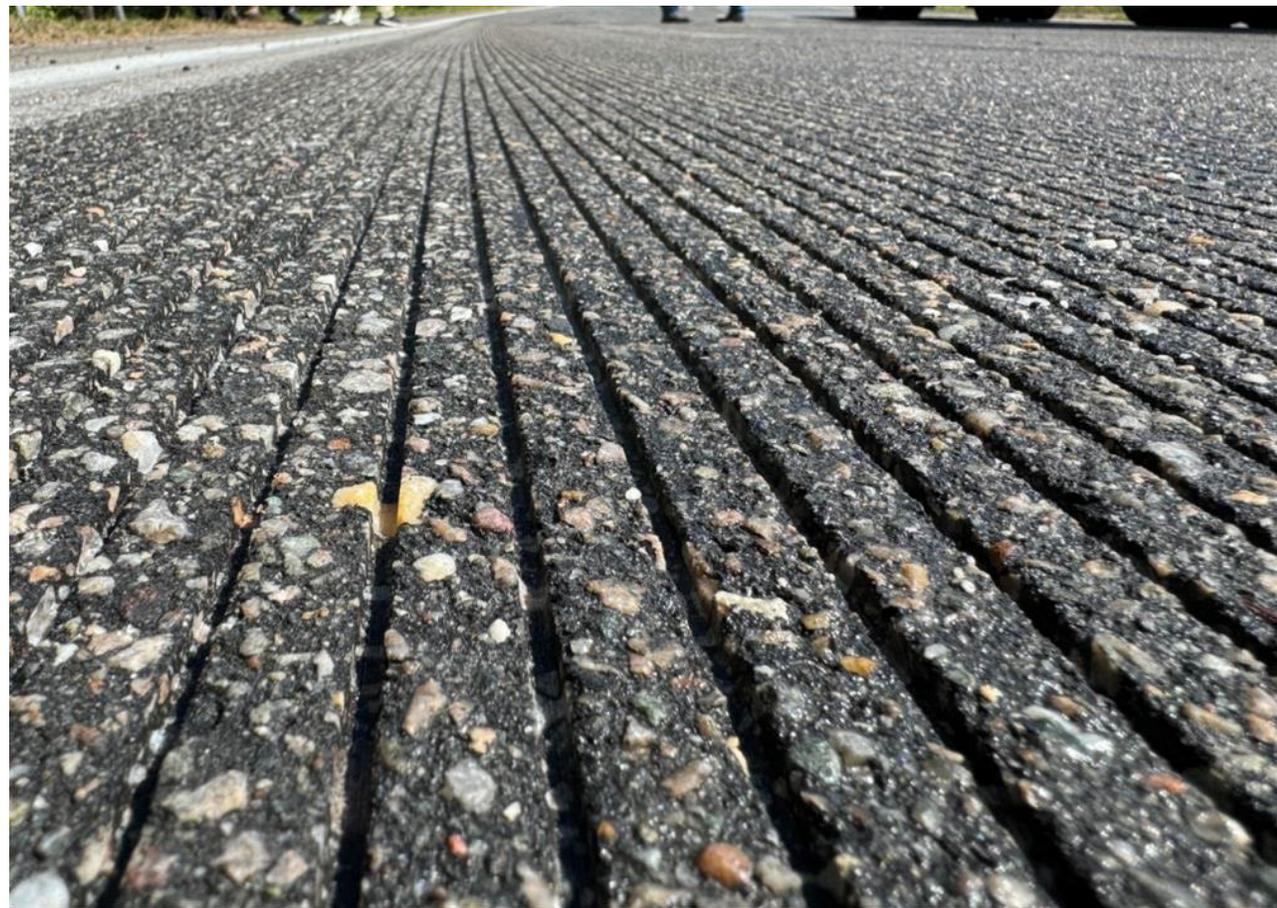
BMD with Absorptive Gravel (E2/E3)



Enhanced Friction Thinlay (E1)



Longitudinal Grooving (W4)



Thank you!
Questions?



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